

[illegible]

Submitted: 12/10/2014; Accepted: 02/02/2015

[illegible]
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}x^2} dx = 1$$
[illegible]

John G. Galt

Figure 1. Schematic representation of the experimental design. The subjects were divided into two groups: the control group (CG) and the experimental group (EG). The CG was divided into two subgroups: the control group (CG) and the control group (CG). The EG was divided into two subgroups: the experimental group (EG) and the experimental group (EG). The subjects were divided into two groups: the control group (CG) and the experimental group (EG). The CG was divided into two subgroups: the control group (CG) and the control group (CG). The EG was divided into two subgroups: the experimental group (EG) and the experimental group (EG).

[Faint, illegible handwritten notes]

[illegible]