

СОВЕРШЕНСТВОВАНИЕ ПРОЦЕССА

На конференции Гарри Брайант и Кит Уоррен из IBM представили исследование, которое показало, что в среднем 70% времени, потраченного на выполнение задачи, уходит на то, чтобы устранить ошибки, выявленные в процессе ее выполнения. Иными словами, если бы удастся устранить эти ошибки, то можно было бы сократить время выполнения задачи на 70%. А это означает, что для того чтобы уменьшить затраты на выполнение задачи, необходимо улучшать не саму задачу, а процесс ее выполнения.

Следующий раздел этого материала посвящен оценке и улучшению процессов выполнения задач.



ПОДДЕРЖКА ПРОЦЕССА ВЫПОЛНЕНИЯ ЗАДАЧ: ПОДДЕРЖКА ПОДГОТОВКИ

В подтверждение тому, что для успешного выполнения задачи необходимо не только знание алгоритмов и методов решения задач, но и знание способов подготовки к выполнению задач, мы рассмотрим в этом разделе некоторые приемы, которые помогут вам подготовиться к выполнению задачи.

- **Понимание задачи:**
 - Установите ясные и конкретные цели.
 - Понимайте ограничения задачи.
 - Установите ясные и конкретные задачи.
 - Установите ясные и конкретные задачи.
- **Понимание контекста:**
 - Установите ясные и конкретные задачи.
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Все перечисленные выше приемы помогут вам подготовиться к выполнению задачи.

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Editorial

Editorial: *Introducing the new journal*

Journal of Clinical Endocrinology

Editorial: *Introducing the new journal*

J. Clin. Endocrinol.

The *Journal of Clinical Endocrinology* is a bimonthly journal devoted to all aspects of clinical endocrinology. It publishes original research papers, review articles, editorials, comments, and letters to the editor. The journal also features a section on clinical practice guidelines, a section on clinical trials, and a section on clinical case reports.

Editor's page and editorial board members:

A major priority for *Journal of Clinical Endocrinology* is to bring together leading experts from around the world to contribute to the journal. The journal will also feature an extensive list of guest editors who will be invited to contribute to the journal.

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2. The relationship between the number of hours spent on the Internet and the number of hours spent on television.

It is interesting to note that the value of R^2 is 0.001, which is very small. This indicates that there is no strong correlation between the number of hours spent on television and the number of hours spent on the Internet. This suggests that there is little association between the two variables.

3. The relationship between the number of hours spent on the Internet and the number of hours spent on reading.

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4. The relationship between the number of hours spent on the Internet and the number of hours spent on watching TV.

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5. The relationship between the number of hours spent on the Internet and the number of hours spent on playing video games.

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6. The relationship between the number of hours spent on the Internet and the number of hours spent on doing housework.

It is interesting to note that the value of R^2 is 0.001, which is very small. This indicates that there is no strong correlation between the number of hours spent on the Internet and the number of hours spent on doing housework. The value of R^2 is 0.001, which is very small. This suggests that there is little association between the number of hours spent on the Internet and the number of hours spent on doing housework.

THE INFLUENCE OF THE PRACTICAL

For many years now, the idea of practical education has been a dominant one in our schools, especially in the elementary schools.

Practical education, according to the practical educators, means that the teacher must be a teacher of practical subjects. These subjects must be those which are most useful to the child in his daily life; they must be those which are most interesting to the child. Practical education, therefore, must be based upon the practical subjects, such as arithmetic, science, history, geography, etc. The practical teacher, in turn, must be one who can teach these practical subjects.

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