

QUESTION 1

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The following information relates to the operations of a company for the year ended 31st December 2019. The company's financial statements are prepared on a cash basis. The company's financial statements are prepared on a cash basis. The company's financial statements are prepared on a cash basis.

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QUESTION 2

The following information relates to the operations of a company for the year ended 31st December 2019. The company's financial statements are prepared on a cash basis. The company's financial statements are prepared on a cash basis. The company's financial statements are prepared on a cash basis.

QUESTION 2	QUESTION 2	QUESTION 2
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Activity 10.10 (1)

1. The following information is available:

2019 (€000)

2020 (€000)

The company's total expenditure on research and development (including capital expenditure) is

€1,000,000 in 2019 and €1,200,000 in 2020.

	2019	2020
Research expenditure	€700,000	€800,000
Total expenditure on research and development	<u>€1,000,000</u>	<u>€1,200,000</u>

2. Expenditure on research and development

Research expenditure is classified as an intangible asset when it is probable that the company will generate identifiable future economic benefits from the expenditure. If it is not probable that the company will generate identifiable future economic benefits, the expenditure is classified as an expense.

As a result of this, the expenditure on research and development is classified as follows:

	2019	2020
Research expenditure classified as an intangible asset	€600,000	€700,000
Research expenditure classified as an expense	€400,000	€500,000
Total expenditure on research and development	<u>€1,000,000</u>	<u>€1,200,000</u>

3. Expenditure on development of intangible assets

Expenditure on development of intangible assets is classified as an expense if it is not probable that the company will generate identifiable future economic benefits from the expenditure.

	2019	2020
Expenditure on development of intangible assets classified as an expense	€400,000	€500,000
Total expenditure on development of intangible assets	<u>€400,000</u>	<u>€500,000</u>

As a result of this:

1. the expenditure on research and development is classified as an expense of €1,000,000 in 2019 and

2. the expenditure on development of intangible assets is classified as an expense of €500,000 in 2020.

QUESTION 1

1. Which of the following is a function of the

central nervous system?

A. Control

B. Sensory input
C. Motor output
D. All of the above

2. The central nervous system is composed of the brain and spinal cord.

3. The peripheral nervous system consists of all the other nerves in the body.

1. The central nervous system is composed of the brain and spinal cord.
2. The peripheral nervous system consists of all the other nerves in the body.
3. The central nervous system is composed of the brain and spinal cord.
4. The peripheral nervous system consists of all the other nerves in the body.
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6. The central nervous system is composed of the brain and spinal cord.

7. The peripheral nervous system consists of all the other nerves in the body.

8. The central nervous system is composed of the brain and spinal cord.

9. The peripheral nervous system consists of all the other nerves in the body.

10. The central nervous system is composed of the brain and spinal cord.

11. The peripheral nervous system consists of all the other nerves in the body.

Wiederholung

1. Wiederholung
2. Wiederholung
3. Wiederholung

Die Wiederholung ist ein zentraler Bestandteil der Sprach- und Literaturwissenschaft. Sie dient dazu, die Struktur und die Funktion von Texten zu analysieren. In diesem Zusammenhang ist die Wiederholung von Bedeutung, da sie die Aufmerksamkeit des Lesers auf bestimmte Aspekte des Textes lenkt.

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1.1 Die Wiederholung als Stilmittel

Die Wiederholung ist ein zentraler Bestandteil der Sprach- und Literaturwissenschaft. Sie dient dazu, die Struktur und die Funktion von Texten zu analysieren. In diesem Zusammenhang ist die Wiederholung von Bedeutung, da sie die Aufmerksamkeit des Lesers auf bestimmte Aspekte des Textes lenkt.

1.2 Die Wiederholung als Stilmittel

Die Wiederholung ist ein zentraler Bestandteil der Sprach- und Literaturwissenschaft. Sie dient dazu, die Struktur und die Funktion von Texten zu analysieren. In diesem Zusammenhang ist die Wiederholung von Bedeutung, da sie die Aufmerksamkeit des Lesers auf bestimmte Aspekte des Textes lenkt.

1.3 Die Wiederholung als Stilmittel

Die Wiederholung ist ein zentraler Bestandteil der Sprach- und Literaturwissenschaft. Sie dient dazu, die Struktur und die Funktion von Texten zu analysieren. In diesem Zusammenhang ist die Wiederholung von Bedeutung, da sie die Aufmerksamkeit des Lesers auf bestimmte Aspekte des Textes lenkt.

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- 1. Wiederholung
- 2. Wiederholung
- 3. Wiederholung

EXERCICE 17

on a $\forall x \in \mathbb{R} \quad \frac{1}{1+x^2} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n x^{2n}$

on suppose que

$$x \in]-1; 1[$$

soit f la fonction définie sur $]-1; 1[$ par $f(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n x^{2n+1}$

1. Déterminer $f'(x)$

2. Montrer que f est une primitive continue de $\frac{1}{1+x^2}$ sur $]-1; 1[$ et que $f(0) = 0$.

3. Etudier la continuité de la fonction f aux bornes ± 1 .

4. Déterminer l'ensemble de définition de f sur $]-1; 1[$ et étudier la continuité de f aux bornes ± 1 .

5. Soit g la fonction définie sur $]-1; 1[$ par $g(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n x^{2n+2}$.

6. Soit h la fonction définie sur $]-1; 1[$ par $h(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n x^{2n+3}$.

7. Soit k la fonction définie sur $]-1; 1[$ par $k(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n x^{2n+4}$.

8. Soit l la fonction définie sur $]-1; 1[$ par $l(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n x^{2n+5}$.

9. Soit m la fonction définie sur $]-1; 1[$ par $m(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n x^{2n+6}$.

UNIT ACCOUNTS, ETC.

UNIT ACCOUNTS, ETC. (Continued)
 For the year ended 12/31/2008

Balance	100,000.00	100,000.00
1. Receipts from the Public	100,000.00	100,000.00
2. Receipts from the Public	100,000.00	100,000.00
3. Receipts from the Public	100,000.00	100,000.00

A. B. C. D. E. F. G. H. I. J. K. L. M. N. O. P. Q. R. S. T. U. V. W. X. Y. Z.

UNIT ACCOUNTS, ETC. (Continued)
 For the year ended 12/31/2008

Account	2008 Actual	2007 Actual
1. Receipts from the Public	100,000.00	100,000.00
2. Receipts from the Public	100,000.00	100,000.00
3. Receipts from the Public	100,000.00	100,000.00

1. Capital Stock

UNIT ACCOUNTS, ETC. (Continued)
 For the year ended 12/31/2008

2. Working Expenses

UNIT ACCOUNTS, ETC. (Continued)
 For the year ended 12/31/2008



UNIT ACCOUNTS, ETC. (Continued)
 For the year ended 12/31/2008