

UNIT 1: THE HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES

1.1 THE FOUNDING OF THE UNITED STATES

The United States was founded in 1776, when the thirteen original colonies declared their independence from Great Britain. The colonies had been fighting a war for independence since 1775, and the war ended with the signing of the Treaty of Paris in 1783. The new nation was then faced with the task of creating a new government, and the Constitution was drafted in 1787.

The Constitution is the supreme law of the United States, and it outlines the structure of the federal government. It is divided into three branches: the executive branch, the legislative branch, and the judicial branch. The executive branch is headed by the President, who is elected by the people. The legislative branch is made up of the House of Representatives and the Senate, and it is responsible for making laws. The judicial branch is headed by the Supreme Court, and it is responsible for interpreting the laws.

The Constitution also outlines the rights of the citizens, and it is the basis for the American way of life. It is a document that has shaped the history of the United States, and it continues to shape the nation today.

John Adams
President of the United States

Thomas Jefferson
President of the United States